1	MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION					
2	AMENDMENTS					
3	2004 GENERAL SESSION					
4	STATE OF UTAH					
5	Sponsor: Leonard M. Blackham					
6	L. Alma Mansell Thomas V. Hatch Carlene M. Walker					
7	Peter C. Knudson David L. Thomas					
8						
9	LONG TITLE					
10	General Description:					
11	This bill amends provisions related to the resolution of medical malpractice disputes.					
12	Highlighted Provisions:					
13	This bill:					
13a	Ş ► PROVIDES A BINDING ARBITRATION AGREEMENT SHALL PROVIDE FOR ONE ARBITRATOR					
13b	UNLESS ALL PARTIES AGREE TO A PANEL OF THREE ARBITRATORS; Ş					
14	requires notice to a patient regarding:					
15	 the patient's right to legal counsel in any arbitration proceeding; and 					
16	 an arbitration agreement may not apply to errors and omissions that occurred 					
17	prior to the date of the arbitration agreement without a specific agreement from					
18	the patient;					
19	 changes the time for rescinding an arbitration agreement from 30 days to ten days; 					
20	 clarifies that medical arbitration agreements are subject to the Uniform Arbitration 					
21	Act;					
22	provides that a patient may require:					
23	 mandatory mediation before arbitration; 					
24	 retention of jointly selected arbitrators for both the liability and damages part of 					
25	arbitration when they are bifurcated; and					
26	 the filing of an arbitration award in district court; and 					
27	 prohibits a health care provider from denying health care to a patient on the sole 					



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28	basis that the patient refused to sign an arbitration agreement.				
29	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:				
30	None Other Special Clauses: None				
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35 36	78-14-17, as last amended by Chapter 207, Laws of Utah 2003				
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
38	Section 1. Section 78-14-17 is amended to read:				
39	78-14-17. Arbitration agreements.				
40	(1) After May 2, 1999, for a binding arbitration agreement between a patient and a				
41	health care provider to be validly executed or, if the requirements of this Subsection (1) have				
42	not been previously met on at least one occasion, renewed:				
43	(a) the patient shall be given, in writing [and by verbal explanation], the following				
44	information on:				
45	(i) the requirement that the patient must arbitrate a claim instead of having the claim				
46	heard by a judge or jury;				
47	(ii) the role of an arbitrator and the manner in which arbitrators are selected under the				
48	agreement;				
49	(iii) the patient's responsibility, if any, for arbitration-related costs under the agreement;				
50	(iv) the right of the patient to decline to enter into the agreement and still receive health				
51	care if Subsection [(2)] (3) applies;				
52	(v) the automatic renewal of the agreement each year unless the agreement is canceled				
53	in writing before the renewal date;				
54	(vi) the right of the patient to have questions about the arbitration agreement answered;				
55	[and]				
56	(vii) the right of the patient to rescind the agreement within [30] ten days of signing the				
57	agreement; and				
58	(viii) the right of the patient to require mediation of the dispute prior to the arbitration				

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59	of the dispute;		
60	(b) the agreement shall require that:		
61	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), Ş [a panel of three arbitrators] ONE		
61a	ARBITRATOR § shall be \$ JOINTLY \$		
62	selected \$ [as follows:] BY ALL PERSONS CLAIMING DAMAGES AND BY THE HEALTH CARE		
62a	PROVIDER FROM A LIST OF INDIVIDUALS APPROVED AS ARBITRATORS BY THE STATE OR		
62b	FEDERAL COURTS OF UTAH; OR		
62c	(ii) IF ALL PARTIES AGREE, A PANEL OF THREE ARBITRATORS SHALL BE SELECTED AS		
62d	FOLLOWS: ş		
63	(A) one arbitrator [be] collectively selected by all persons claiming damages;		
64	[(ii)] (B) one arbitrator [be] selected by the health care provider; and		
65	[(iii)] (C) a third arbitrator [be] jointly selected \$ [by all persons claiming damages and		
66	the health care provider from a list of individuals approved as arbitrators by the state or federal		
67	courts of Utah; or AS EXPLAINED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b)(i);		
68	[(ii) if both parties agree, a single arbitrator may be selected;] §		
69	[(iv)] (iii) all parties waive the requirement of Section 78-14-12 to appear before a		
70	hearing panel in a malpractice action against a health care provider;		
71	[v) (iv) the patient be given the right to rescind the agreement within [30] ten days of		
72	signing the agreement; [and]		
73	[vi) the term of the agreement be for one year and that the agreement be		
74	automatically renewed each year unless the agreement is canceled in writing by the patient or		
75	health care provider before the renewal date[-];		
76	(vi) the patient have the right to retain legal counsel;		
77	(vii) the agreement only apply to:		
78	(A) an error or omission that occurred after the agreement was signed, provided that		
79	the agreement may allow a person who would be a proper party in court to participate in an		
80	arbitration proceeding;		
81	(B) the claim of:		
82	(I) a person who signed the agreement;		
83	(II) a person on whose behalf the agreement was signed under Subsection (6); and		
84	(III) the unborn child of the person described in this Subsection (1)(b)(vii)(B), for 12		
85	months from the date the agreement is signed; and		
86	(C) the claim of a person who is not a party to the contract if the sole basis for the		
87	claim is an injury sustained by a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(vii)(B); and		
88	(c) the natient shall be verbally encouraged to:		

- 3 -

(i) read the written information required by Subsection (1)(a) and the arbitration

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90	agreement; and		
91	(ii) ask any questions.		
92	(2) When a medical malpractice action is arbitrated, the action shall:		
93	(a) be subject to Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act; and		
94	(b) include any one or more of the following when requested by the patient before an		
95	arbitration hearing is commenced:		
96	(i) mandatory mediation;		
97	(ii) retention of the jointly selected arbitrator for both the liability and damages stages		
98	of an arbitration proceeding if the arbitration is bifurcated; and		
99	(iii) the filing of the panel's award of damages as a judgement against the provider in		
100	the appropriate district court.		
101	[(2)] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a patient may not be denied health care [of		
102	any kind from the emergency department of a general acute hospital, as defined in Section		
103	26-21-2,] on the sole basis that the patient or a person described in Subsection [(5)] (6) refused		
104	to enter into a binding arbitration agreement with a health care provider.		
105	[(3)] (4) A written acknowledgment of having received a written [and verbal]		
106	explanation of a binding arbitration agreement signed by or on behalf of the patient shall be a		
107	defense to a claim that the patient did not receive a written [and verbal] explanation of the		
108	agreement as required by Subsection (1) unless the patient:		
109	(a) proves that the person who signed the agreement lacked the capacity to do so; or		
110	(b) shows by clear and convincing evidence that the execution of the agreement was		
111	induced by the health care provider's affirmative acts of fraudulent misrepresentation or		
112	fraudulent omission to state material facts.		
113	[(4)] (5) The requirements of Subsection (1) do not apply to a claim governed by a		
114	binding arbitration agreement that was executed or renewed before May 3, 1999.		
115	[(5)] (6) A legal guardian or a person described in Subsection 78-14-5(4), except a		
116	person temporarily standing in loco parentis, may execute or rescind a binding arbitration		
117	agreement on behalf of a patient.		
118	[(6)] (7) This section does not apply to any arbitration agreement that is subject to the		
119	Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. Sec. 1 et seq.		

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Legislative Review Note as of 2-5-04 10:41 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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Bill Nun	ber	SB0245

Medical Dispute Resolution Amendments

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State Impact

It is estimated that provisions of this bill can be handled within existing budgets.

Individual and Business Impact

Impact of this legislation will vary with individual situations and is not possible to determine.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst